ADMINISTRATION 1642.01/page 1 of 3 Sick Leave

#### 1642.01 SICK LEAVE

The Board of Education shall grant sick leave in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:30-2. All persons holding any office, position, or employment in the school district, who are steadily employed by the Board or who are protected by tenure in their office, position, or employment under the provisions of this or any other law, except persons in the classified service of the civil service under Title 11, Civil Service, of the Revised Statutes shall be allowed sick leave in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:30-2.

Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:30-1.a., sick leave is defined as the absence from an employee's post of duty, for any of the following reasons:

- 1. The employee is personally ill or injured;
- 2. For diagnosis, care, or treatment of, or recovery from, an employee's mental or physical illness, injury or other adverse health condition, or for preventive medical care for the employee;
- 3. For the employee to aid or care for a family member of the employee during diagnosis, care, or treatment of, or recovery from, the family member's mental or physical illness, injury or other adverse health condition, or during preventive medical care for the family member;
- 4. Absence necessary due to circumstances resulting from the employee, or a family member of the employee, being a victim of domestic or sexual violence, if the leave is to allow the employee to obtain for the employee or the family member:
  - a. Medical attention needed to recover from physical or psychological injury or disability caused by domestic or sexual violence;
  - b. Services from a designated domestic violence agency or other victim services organization;
  - c. Psychological or other counseling;



- d. Relocation; or
- e. Legal services, including obtaining a restraining order or preparing for, or participating in, any civil or criminal legal proceeding related to the domestic or sexual violence;
- 5. The death of a family member for up to seven days;
- 6. To attend a child's school-related conference, meeting, function or other event requested or required by a school administrator, teacher, or other professional staff member responsible for the child's education, or to attend a meeting regarding care provided to the child in connection with the child's health conditions or disability;
- 7. The school or place of care of a child of the employee is closed by order of a public official or because of a state of emergency declared by the Governor due to an epidemic or other public health emergency;
- 8. The employee has been exposed to a contagious disease or is quarantined for the disease in the employee's immediate household.

N.J.S.A. 18A:30-1, this Policy, and Regulation 1642.01 shall not supersede any law providing collective bargaining rights for school district employees, and shall not reduce, diminish, or adversely affect an employee's collective bargaining rights pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:30-1.b.

The Board reserves the right to require of any employee who claims sick leave sufficient proof in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:30-4 and Section C. of Regulation 1642.01.

The Superintendent or designee will prepare rules for the administration of N.J.S.A. 18A:30-1, N.J.S.A. 18A:30-4, this Policy, and Regulation 1642.01, which shall be binding on all employees.

The Superintendent or designee will submit to the Board the names of those employees absent for non-compensable cause or whose claim for sick leave pay cannot be justified. The willful misuse of sick leave may be subject to discipline.



29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq. N.J.S.A. 18A:30-1; 18A:30-2; 18A:30-4 Adopted:

> PROGRAM 2419/page 1 of 4 School Threat Assessment Teams M

#### 2419 SCHOOL THREAT ASSESSMENT TEAMS

The Board of Education shall establish a threat assessment team at each school in the district pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.4. The purpose of a threat assessment team shall be to provide school teachers, administrators, and other staff with assistance in identifying students of concern, assessing those students' risk for engaging in violence or other harmful activities, and delivering intervention strategies to manage the risk of harm for students who pose a potential safety risk, to prevent targeted violence in the school, and ensure a safe and secure school environment that enhances the learning experience for all members of the school community.

Threat assessment teams established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.4.a., this Policy, and Regulation 2419 must be multidisciplinary in membership and, to the extent possible, must include the following individuals:

- 1. A school psychologist, school counselor, school social worker, or other school employee with expertise in student counseling;
- 2. A teaching staff member;
- 3. A Principal or other senior school administrator;
- 4. A safe schools resource officer or school employee who serves as a school liaison to law enforcement; and
- 5. The school safety specialist designated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.3. and Policy 7440, in the event that the school safety specialist is not already a school administrator or school employee



required to be a part of the threat assessment team pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.4.

Additional school employees may serve as regular members of the threat assessment team or may be consulted during the threat assessment process, as determined to be appropriate by the team.

Nothing contained in N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.4 shall be construed as affecting the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement or individual contract of employment in effect on the effective date pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.3 (August 1, 2022).

This Policy and Regulation 2419, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.5, are aligned with the Guidance on the Establishment of Behavioral Threat Assessment and Management Teams (BTAM) 2023 (Guidance) developed by the New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.6.

The school district shall structure the threat assessment teams to best meet the needs and resources available, which may include school-based teams and/or district-level teams.

The Superintendent or designee will build a behavioral threat assessment and management program that will: establish a multi-disciplinary team; define prohibited and concerning behaviors; create a central reporting mechanism; define a threshold for law enforcement intervention; establish threat assessment procedures; develop risk management options; create and promote safe school climates; and conduct training for all stakeholders.

The threat assessment and management process will include: the threat assessment team's actions when first learning of a new report or threat; screening the case; gathering information; organizing and analyzing information; making the assessment; developing and implementing a case management/intervention plan; re-assessing and case monitoring; and documenting and closing the case.

When assessing a student whose behavior may pose a threat to the safety of the school community, in the case of a student with an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 Plan, the threat assessment team shall consult with the IEP team or 504 team to determine whether the aberrant behavior is a threat to school safety and is being properly addressed in a manner that is required by N.J.A.C. 6A:14 and all Federal and State special education laws.



Each member of the threat assessment team must attend training in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.4, this Policy, and Regulation 7440 that is consistent with the Guidance developed by the NJDOE pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.6. Training must be coordinated with the New Jersey Department of Education, Office of School Preparedness and Emergency Planning (OSPEP). The training shall ensure the threat assessment team is able to accurately assess student behavior and to ensure that threat assessment teams do not have a disparate impact on students based on their race, ethnicity, homelessness status, religious belief, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, or socioeconomic status. The training shall, at a minimum, include training on adverse childhood experiences, childhood trauma, cultural competency, and implicit bias.

Should a threat assessment team become aware of an allegation of HIB when considering or conducting assessments, they must follow Policy 5512 – Harassment, Intimidation, or Bullying for addressing allegations of HIB in alignment with the Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act.

Should a threat assessment team become aware of a bias-related act, the team should implement Policy and Regulation 8465 – Bias Crimes and Bias-Related Acts on reporting bias-related acts to law enforcement in accordance with the Memorandum of Agreement Between Education and Law Enforcement Officials and Policy and Regulation 9320 – Cooperation With Law Enforcement Agencies.

Questions and concerns about Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) protections often arise as part of the threat assessment planning process. The threat assessment teams must understand how to balance the safety of the school with the privacy of individual students. These laws should not be an impediment to threat assessment and management.

N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.3; 18A:17-43.4; 18A:17-43.5; 18A:17-43.6 Guidance on the Establishment of Behavioral Threat Assessment and Management Teams (BTAM) 2023

Adopted:



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